

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision Date 03-26-2020

Version 5

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

| <u>Product identifier</u> Product Name: | PREMIUM THROTTLE-BODY & AIR-INTAKE CLEANER | |
|--|--|--|
| <u>Other means of identification</u> Common Name: UN/ID No Synonyms Product Categories | 1013 UN1950 None Automotive, Aerosol, Cleaner, Organic solvents | |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | | |
| Sale and Use Restrictions Recommended Use Uses advised against | (NOT FOR SALE OR USE IN CALIFORNIA OR OTC STATES)(FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REFER TO WWW.OTCAIR.ORG) Restricted to professional users. Consumer use | |
| Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier Address MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. 12306 Montague Street Pacoima, CA 91331 | | |

Emergency telephone number Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone

MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. (818) 794-3500 CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

| Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors) | Category 4 |
|--|------------|
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 2 |
| Reproductive toxicity | Category 2 |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) | Category 1 |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | Category 2 |
| Aspiration toxicity | Category 1 |
| Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |

Label elements

Emergency Overview Danger Hazard statements Harmful if inhaled Causes skin irritation Causes severe eye irritation Suspected of causing cancer Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Causes damage to organs May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Extremely flammable aerosol Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Appearance Organic solvents, Physical state Aerosol Odor Solvent Compressed gas **Precautionary Statements - Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Use personal protective equipment as required Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Wear eye/face protection Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

Precautionary Statements - Response

Specific treatment (see response statements below and Section 4 of the Safety Data Sheet) If exposed: Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician

Do not induce vomiting

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other information

- May be harmful if swallowed
- May be harmful in contact with skin
- · Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- Toxic to aquatic life

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS Number | Weight % | Trade Secret |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|--------------|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | 30-50 | * |
| Propane, Isobutane Mixture | 68476-86-8 | 30-50 | * |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 10-30 | * |
| Diacetone Alcohol | 123-42-2 | 10-30 | * |
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | 1-5 | * |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 2-4 | * |
| Methyl Alcohol | 67-56-1 | 1-5 | * |

*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES First aid measures **General advice** If exposed: Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and Skin contact water. If irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for Inhalation breathing. Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. This product contains: Methanol. Ingestion of as little as 10 ml of methanol can cause Notes to Physician blindness and 30 ml (1 ounce) can cause death if person is not treated. The severity of outcome following methanol ingestion may be more related to time between ingestion and treatment, rather than the amount ingested. Therefore, there is a need for rapid treatment of any ingestion exposure. Antidote is fomepizole which enhances elimination of metabolic formic acid. This must be administered by a trained medical professional only. For specialist advice physicians should contact Poison Control Center. Aspiration hazard if swallowed can enter lungs and cause damage. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, Shortness of breath; Unconsciousness, Coma, Metabolic acidosis, Blindness. Symptoms may be delayed. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Self-protection of the first aider Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or alcohol resistant foam, Sand.

| Small Fire | Dry chemical or CO2. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Large Fire | Water spray or fog; Alcohol resistant foam, Sand. |
| Explosive properties: | Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Explosive when mixed with oxidizing substances. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. |

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may travel to areas away from work site before igniting/flashing back to vapor source. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Sealed containers may rupture when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors.

Hazardous combustion productsCarbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrocarbons, Aldehydes, Toxic gases and fumes.

Specific methods:

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Special firefighting procedures:

Extremely flammable aerosol. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Do not use water jet. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

| Component Toluene 108-88-3 (30-50) | ACGIH - test 0.02 0.03 0.3 |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Xylene 1330-20-7(10-30) Acetone | 1.5 25 |
| 67-64-1(1-5) Ethylbenzene 100-41-4(2-4) | 0.15 |
| Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1(1-5) | 15 |

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions: | Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate closed spaces before entry. Pay attention to flashback. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use personal protective equipment. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| For emergency responders | Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Be aware that gases can spread at ground level (heavier than air) and pay attention to the wind direction. Pay attention to flashback. |
| Environmental precautions | |
| Environmental precautions: | Environmental hazard: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Avoid subsoil penetration. |
| Methods and material for containm | ent and cleaning up |
| Methods for Containment | Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Use non-sparking tools. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. |
| Methods for clean-up: | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Clean-up methods - small spillage: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a chemical waste container for later disposal. Large spills present a vapor explosion and liquid fire hazard; evacuate area and ensure response by personnel trained and equipped to respond to flammable material incident or off-site emergency responders or fire department. |
| Prevention of secondary hazards | Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations. |
| 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE | |

Precautions for safe handling

| Handling: | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not store at temperatures above 122°F (50°C). Protect from physical damage. Protect from direct sunlight. Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep away from any incompatible materials (See Section 10). | |
|--|---|--|
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | | |
| Technical measures/precautions: | Mechanical ventilation required if used indoors on a continuous basis. Eye wash and safety shower should be easily accessible. | |
| Materials to avoid: | Oxidizing agents, Acid anhydrides, Acid chlorides, Alkali metals, Reducing agents, Acids, Strong bases, Phosphorus oxychloride. | |

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA Exposure Limits: | NIOSH IDLH |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Toluene | TWA: 20 ppm | TWA: 200 ppm | IDLH: 500 ppm |
| 108-88-3 | | TWA: 100 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm |
| | | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ | TWA: 375 mg/m ³ |
| | | | STEL: 150 ppm |
| | | | STEL: 560 mg/m ³ |
| Propane, Isobutane Mixture 68476-86-8 | TLV: 1000 ppm | PEL: 1000 ppm | - |
| Xylene | STEL: 150 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm | - |
| 1330-20-7 | TWA: 100 ppm | TWA: 435 mg/m ³ | |
| | | | |
| Diacetone Alcohol | TWA: 50 ppm | TWA: 50 ppm | IDLH: 1800 ppm |
| 123-42-2 | | TWA: 240 mg/m ³ | TWA: 50 ppm |
| | | | TWA: 240 mg/m ³ |
| Acetone | STEL: 500 ppm | TWA: 1000 ppm | IDLH: 2500 ppm |
| 67-64-1 | TWA: 250 ppm | TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ | TWA: 250 ppm |
| | | TWA: 750 ppm | TWA: 590 mg/m ³ |
| | | TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ | - |
| Ethylbenzene | TWA: 20 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm | IDLH: 800 ppm |
| 100-41-4 | | TWA: 435 mg/m ³ | TWA: 100 ppm |
| | | Ĵ Ĵ | TWA: 435 mg/m ³ |
| | | | STEL: 125 ppm |
| | | | STEL: 545 mg/m ³ |
| Methyl Alcohol | S* | TWA: 200 ppm | IDLH: 6000 ppm |
| 67-56-1 | STEL: 250 ppm | TWA: 260 mg/m ³ | TWA: 200 ppm |
| | TWA: 200 ppm | | TWA: 260 mg/m ³ |
| | | | STEL: 250 ppm |
| | | | STEL: 325 mg/m ³ |

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures:

Mechanical ventilation required if used indoors on a continuous basis. Eye wash and safety shower should be easily accessible.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

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| Eye/face protection | Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Face protection shield. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Skin and body protection | Wear normal work clothing. Chemical resistant gloves. Recommended Use: Rubber, Nitrile. Additional body garments should be used based on task being performed: Chemical resistant suit, and boots; Face-shield. (consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm performance). |
| Respiratory protection | Ensure adequate ventilation. No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required. Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or canister, as appropriate. A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. |
| General Hygiene Considerations | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use personal protective equipment. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state Appearance Color | Aerosol Organic solvents, Compressed gas Clear, Colorless | Odor Odor threshold | Solvent No information available |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| <u>Property</u> pH Melting point/freezing point Boiling point / boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability Limits in Air | <u>Values</u> N/A No information available -31.1 °C / -24 °F -96.2 °C / -141 °F Slower than ether No information available | Remarks • Method Not applicable (Propellant) (Propellant) Slower than ether | |
| Upper flammability limit Lower flammability limit Vapor pressure Vapor density Specific Gravity | No Data Available No Data Available 345-414 Heavier than air 0.87 | @ 21 °C, kPa @ 20° C, Of liquid | |
| Water solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition coefficient Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties | Practically insoluble No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available No information available No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available | | |
| Other information Softening point Molecular weight VOC Content (%) VOC Content (%) Density Bulk density | No Data Available No Data Available 95.7 Contains a VOC exempt solvent 0.87 g/cc No Data Available | | |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

| Chemical stability Stability | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. | |
|--|---|--|
| Possibility of Hazardous Reactions Hazardous polymerization | Reacts with oxidizing agents. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Hazardous polymerization does not occur. | |
| Conditions to avoid Temperatures above 120 °C. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from direct sunlight. | | |
| Incompatible materials | | |
| Materials to avoid: | Oxidizing agents, Acid anhydrides, Acid chlorides, Alkali metals, Reducing agents, Acids, Strong bases, Phosphorus oxychloride. | |

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrocarbons, Aldehydes. Formaldehyde.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

| Product Information | Harmful if inhaled Causes skin irritation. Causes severe eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Propellant is a simple asphyxiant. |
| Eye contact | Causes severe eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes. Inhalation, ingestion, or skin absorption of methanol can cause blindness. |
| Skin Contact | Causes skin irritation. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. |
| Ingestion | MAY BE FATAL OR CAUSE BLINDNESS IF SWALLOWED. Symptoms may be delayed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

| Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|--|--|--|--|
| Toluene 108-88-3 | = 636 mg/kg (Rat) | = 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 12.5 mg/L (Rat)4 h |
| Propane, Isobutane Mixture 68476-86-8 | =6960 mg/kg (Rat) | - | - |
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 mg/kg (Rat) | > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 29.08 mg/L (Rat)4 h> 5.04 mg/L (Rat)4 h |
| Diacetone Alcohol 123-42-2 | = 3002 mg/kg (Rat) | > 1875 mg/l(Rabbit) | > 7.6 mg/l 4h (Rat) |
| Acetone 67-64-1 | =5800 mg/kg (Rat) | =7426 mg/kg (Guinea pig) | = 50100 mg/m³(Rat)8 h |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 mg/kg (Rat) | = 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 17.4 mg/L (Rat)4 h > 5.04 mg/L (Rat)4 h |
| Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1 | = 6200 mg/kg (Rat) | = 15840 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 22500 ppm (Rat)8 h |

Information on toxicological effects

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

| Sensitization | Skin Sensitization: Not expected. Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified. | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Mutagenic effects: | | No data available to indicate product or any components present at or greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic. | | | | |
| Carcinogenicity | carcinogenic | This product contains one or more substances which are classified by IARC as probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A) or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Category 3: Not Classifiable. | | | | |
| Chemical Name | ACGIH | IARC | NTP | OSHA | | |
| Toluene 108-88-3 | | Group 3 (not classified) | | | | |
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | | Group 3 | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | | Group 2B | | | | |
| Reproductive toxicity | hazards: Tol | tains a chemical or chemic uene (CAS#108-88-3). Ca r fertility in humans. | | suspected reproductive hich should be regarded as | | |
| STOT - single exposure | Category 1, Causes damage to organs: Eyes, Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system. Causes dizziness or drowsiness. | | | | | |
| STOT - repeated exposure | Category 2, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Bladder, Kidney, Liver, Brain. Ears, Reproductive System. | | | | | |
| Chronic toxicity | Xylene conta Agency for F Prolonged o | ains ethylbenzene. Ethylbe Research on Cancer (IARC r repeated overexposure to r, respiratory system, thyro | nzene has been classifie) as possibly carcinogen o ethylbenzene may resu | ic to humans (Group 2B). It in adverse effects to the | | |

| Subchronic toxicity | No information available. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Target Organ Effects | Eyes, Ears, Heart, Liver, Kidney, Bladder, Brain, Central nervous system, Reproductive System. |
| Neurological effects | Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Repeated or prolonged overexposure to solvents may cause permanent damage to the nervous system. |
| Other adverse effects | Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects in male and female laboratory animals. Inhalation studies on toluene have demonstrated the development of inflammatory and ulcerous lesions of the penis, prepuce, and scrotum in animals. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

| ATEmix (oral) | 2069 mg/kg |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| ATEmix (dermal) | 3855 mg/kg |
| ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) | 6.00 mg/l |
| ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) | 16 mg/l |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life. Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| 30.34 % of the mixture consists of compor | nent(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment |
|---|---|
| | |

| Chemical Name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|-------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|--|
| Toluene 108-88-3 | 433: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 12.5: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static | 15.22 - 19.05: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 12.6: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 5.89 - 7.81: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 5.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static 14.1 - 17.16: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 11.0 - 15.0: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 50.87 - 70.34: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static 54: 96 h Oryzias latipes mg/L LC50 static 28.2: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 | | 5.46 - 9.83: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 11.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 |
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 11: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 | semi-static 13.4: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 2.661 - 4.093: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 780: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50 semi-static 780: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50 13.1 - 16.5: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through 23.53 - 29.97: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 30.26 - 40.75: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static 7.711 - 9.591: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 13.5 - 17.3: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 19: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 19: 96 | | 0.6: 48 h Gammarus lacustris mg/L LC50 3.82: 48 h water flea mg/L EC50 |
| Diacetone Alcohol 123-42-2 | | 420: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 420: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 | | |
| Acetone 67-64-1 | | 4.74 - 6.33: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 8300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 | | 10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 4.6: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 | 11.0 - 18.0: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 4.2: 96 h | | 1.8 - 2.4: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 |

| | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| | 438: 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | mg/L LC50 semi-static | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | 7.55 - 11: 96 h Pimephales | |
| | 2.6 - 11.3: 72 h | promelas mg/L LC50 | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | flow-through 32: 96 h | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | Lepomis macrochirus mg/L | |
| | static 1.7 - 7.6: 96 h | LC50 static 9.1 - 15.6: 96 h | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | Pimephales promelas | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h | |
| | static 11: 72 h | Poecilia reticulata mg/L | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | LC50 static | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | | |
| Methyl Alcohol | | 28200: 96 h Pimephales | |
| 67-56-1 | | promelas mg/L LC50 | |
| | | flow-through 100: 96 h | |
| | | Pimephales promelas | |
| | | mg/L LC50 static 19500 - | |
| | | 20700: 96 h Oncorhynchus | |
| | | mykiss mg/L LC50 | |
| | | flow-through 18 - 20: 96 h | |
| | | Oncorhynchus mykiss | |
| | | mL/L LC50 static 13500 - | |
| | | 17600: 96 h Lepomis | |
| | | macrochirus mg/L LC50 | |
| | | flow-through | |

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation Bioaccumulative potential.

Mobility

No information available.

| Chemical Name | Partition coefficient |
|--|-----------------------|
| Propane, Isobutane Mixture 68476-86-8 | <=2.8 |
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 3.12-3.2 |
| Diacetone Alcohol 123-42-2 | 1.03 |
| Acetone 67-64-1 | -0.24 |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 2.92 |
| Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1 | -0.77 |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Waste treatment methods | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Disposal of wastes | Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. |
| Contaminated packaging | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. |

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| Limited quantity (LQ) | < 1 Liter |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| DOT UN/ID No | UN1950 |
| Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class | Aerosol, Flammable 2.1 |
| Packing Group: | N/A |
| Emergency Response Guide Number | 126 |
| IATA UN/ID No | UN1950 |

| | 0111000 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Proper Shipping Name: | Aerosol, Flammable |
| Hazard Class | 2.1 |
| Packing Group: | N/A |
| Packing Group: | N/A |

IMDG

| UN/ID No | UN1950 |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Proper Shipping Name: | Aerosols |
| Hazard Class | 2 |
| Packing Group: | N/A |
| | |

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

| Chemical Name | CAS Number | Weight % | SARA 313 - Threshold Values % |
|---------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Toluene 108-88-3 | 108-88-3 | 30-50 | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 1330-20-7 | 10-30 | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 100-41-4 | 2-4 | 0.1 % de minimis concentration |
| Methyl Alcohol 67-56-1 | 67-56-1 | 1-5 | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

| Acute health hazard | Yes |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Chronic Health Hazard | Yes |
| Fire hazard | Yes |
| Sudden release of pressure hazard | Yes |
| Reactive Hazard | No |

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

| Chemical Name | CWA - Reportable Quantities | CWA - Toxic Pollutants | CWA - Priority Pollutants | CWA - Hazardous Substances |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Toluene 108-88-3 | 1000 lb | Х | X | Х |
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 100 lb | | | Х |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 1000 lb | Х | X | Х |

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

| Chemical Name | Hazardous Substances RQs | CERCLA/SARA RQ | Reportable Quantity (RQ) |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Toluene | 1000 lb 1 lb | | RQ 1000 lb final RQ |
| 108-88-3 | | | RQ 454 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb |
| | | | final RQ RQ 0.454 kg final RQ |
| Xylene | 100 lb | | RQ 100 lb final RQ |
| 1330-20-7 | | | RQ 45.4 kg final RQ |
| Acetone | 5000 lb | | RQ 5000 lb final RQ |
| 67-64-1 | | | RQ 2270 kg final RQ |
| Ethylbenzene | 1000 lb | | RQ 1000 lb final RQ |
| 100-41-4 | | | RQ 454 kg final RQ |
| Methyl Alcohol | 5000 lb | | RQ 5000 lb final RQ |

| 67-56-1 | | RQ 2270 kg final RQ |
|---------|--|---------------------|

State Regulations (RTK)

California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

| Chemical Name | CAS Number | California Proposition 65 |
|----------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Developmental |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Carcinogen |
| Methyl Alcohol | 67-56-1 | Developmental |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | Carcinogen |
| | | Developmental |
| | | Male Reproductive |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | Carcinogen |

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

U.S. EPA Label Information EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

| NFPA Rating Health hazards 2 Flammability - Instability 0 Physical and Chemical Properties N <u>HMIS Rating</u> Health hazards 2* Flammability 4 Physical hazards 1 Personal protection B | IFPA Level 3 aerosol |
|--|--|
| Chronic Hazard Star Legend | * = Chronic Health Hazard |
| Prepared by | Environmental Health and Safety Department |

Issue Date 03-26-2020 **Revision Date** 03-26-2020 **Revision Note** This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 9.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet