

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 2 Issue Date 09-24-2019 Revision Date 09-24-2019

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product Name: DISSOLVE™

Other means of identification

Common Name: 0431 UN/ID No UN1993 **Synonyms** None

Product Categories Cleaner, Organic solvents

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Sale and Use Restrictions Not applicable

Restricted to professional users. **Recommended Use**

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. 12306 Montague Street Pacoima, CA 91331

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. (818) 794-3500

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

| Acute toxicity - Oral | Category 4 |
|--|-----------------|
| Acute toxicity - Dermal | Category 4 |
| Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors) | Category 3 |
| Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists) | Category 4 |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 2 |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Sub-category 1B |
| Carcinogenicity | Category 2 |
| Reproductive toxicity | Sub-category 1B |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | Category 2 |
| Aspiration toxicity | Category 1 |
| Flammable liquids | Category 3 |

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed

Harmful in contact with skin

Toxic if inhaled

Causes skin irritation

Causes severe eye irritation

May cause genetic defects

Suspected of causing cancer

May damage fertility or the unborn child

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Flammable liquid and vapor



Appearance Solution, Organic solvents

Physical state Liquid

Odor Solvent

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear eye/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment (if metal)

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Specific measures (see prevention statements and warnings on this label)

Specific treatment (see response statements below and Section 4 of the Safety Data Sheet)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician

Do not induce vomiting

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store in a dry place

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other information

- Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- · Very toxic to aquatic life

2.8 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name | CAS Number | Weight % | Trade Secret |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | 35-50 | * |
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | 15-25 | * |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | 15-25 | * |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5-15 | * |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated | 64742-47-8 | 5-10 | * |
| light | | | |
| Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated | PROPRIETARY | 2-6 | * |
| Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha | 64742-95-6 | 2-6 | * |
| Propoxylated alcohol | TRADE SECRET | 1-3 | * |
| 1-Propene,2-methyl-, homopolymer, | 337367-30-3 | 1-3 | * |
| hydroformylation products, reaction | | | |
| products with ammonia | | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 1-3 | * |
| N-Propylbenzene | 103-65-1 | 0.5-1.0 | * |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 108-67-8 | 0.5-1.0 | * |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | 0.5-1.0 | * |
| 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | 526-73-8 | 0.2-1.0 | * |

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

General advice If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If

skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or

doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical

attention if eye irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do not induce

vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents. Call a physician or Poison

Control Center immediately.

Notes to Physician Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. Symptoms may be

delayed.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Drowsiness. Dizziness. Headache. Coughing and/ or wheezing; Nausea. Vomiting.

Respiratory irritation. Lowered blood pressure, Skin irritation. Eye irritation: redness,

stinging and tearing.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Self-protection of the first aider It may be dangerous to the person providing first aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for

exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or alcohol resistant foam.

Small Fire Dry chemical or CO2.

Large Fire Water spray or fog, Alcohol resistant foam.

Explosive properties: Risk of explosion if heated under confinement: Fire or intense heat may cause violent

rupture of packages. May form explosive peroxides. May form explosive mixtures in

presence of oxidizing substances (gas/dust).

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. The product causes irritation of eyes, skin and mucus membranes. Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high concentration. May form explosive peroxides. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous combustion products Aldehydes, Hydrocarbons, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Specific methods:

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Special firefighting procedures:

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep exposed containers cool with water spray to prevent rupture. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Use fine water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on point of material release from container. Dike to collect large liquid spills. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

 Component
 ACGIH - test

 Xylene
 1.5

 1330-20-7 (35-50)
 100

 N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone
 100

 872-50-4 (15-25)
 200

 2-Butoxyethanol
 200

 111-76-2 (15-25)
 Ethylbenzene

 100-41-4 (5-15)
 0.15

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate

closed spaces before entry. Pay attention to flashback. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal

protective equipment.

For emergency respondersUse personal protection recommended in Section 8. Remove all sources of ignition.

Ventilate the area. Pay attention to flashback. Be aware that gases can spread at ground

level (heavier than air) and pay attention to the wind direction.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Avoid subsoil penetration. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent

product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Local authorities should be advised if

significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste

container.

Methods for clean-up: Clean-up methods - small spillage: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth),

then place in a chemical waste container. Clean-up methods - large spillage: Dike to collect large liquid spills. Large spills present a vapor explosion and liquid fire hazard; evacuate area and ensure response by personnel trained and equipped to respond to flammable

material incident or off-site emergency responders or fire department.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling: Protect from physical damage. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F (50°C). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Ground/bond container and receiving

equipment (if metal). Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/precautions: Mechanical ventilation required if used indoors on a continuous basis. Eye wash and safety

shower should be easily accessible.

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, Chlorine, Strong acids, Alkalis, Strong bases.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TLV | OSHA Exposure Limits: | NIOSH IDLH |
|--|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 100 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³ | - |
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone 872-50-4 | - | Not established | - |
| 2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 | TWA: 20 ppm | TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m³ TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 120 mg/m³ | IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m³ |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | TWA: 20 ppm | TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ | IDLH: 800 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m³ |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light 64742-47-8 | - | Not established | - |
| Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated PROPRIETARY | - | Not established | - |
| Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha 64742-95-6 | - | TWA: 100 ppm | - |
| Propoxylated alcohol TRADE SECRET | - | Not established | - |
| 1-Propene,2-methyl-, homopolymer, hydroformylation products, reaction products with ammonia 337367-30-3 | - | Not established | - |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 | TWA: 25 ppm | Not established | TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³ |
| N-Propylbenzene 103-65-1 | - | Not established | - |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8 | TWA: 25 ppm | TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³ | TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³ |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | TWA: 50 ppm | TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 245 mg/m ³ | IDLH: 900 ppm TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 245 mg/m³ |
| 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene 526-73-8 | TWA: 25 ppm | TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m³ | TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m³ |

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures: Mechanical ventilation required if used indoors on a continuous basis. Eye wash and safety

shower should be easily accessible.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Wear normal work clothing, Chemical resistant gloves. Wear impervious protective clothing,

including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact

(consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm performance).

Respiratory protection Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. If exposure limits are exceeded

or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations. A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a

respirator's use.

General Hygiene Considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

(based on components)

(based on components)

Heavier than air

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance Solution, Organic solvents Odor Solvent

Color Clear, Colorless to pale yellow Odor threshold No information available

Remarks • Method Property Values No information available Not applicable Hq

No Data Available

Melting point/freezing point No information available Boiling point / boiling range >= 142 °C / 280 °F >= 27 °C / 81 °F Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available Flammability Limits in Air

Upper flammability limit No Data Available Lower flammability limit No Data Available Vapor pressure No Data Available

Vapor density **Specific Gravity** 0.91

Water solubility No Data Available Solubility in other solvents No Data Available Partition coefficient No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** No Data Available **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available No information available Kinematic viscosity **Dynamic viscosity** No Data Available **Explosive properties** No Data Available **Oxidizing properties** No Data Available

Other information

Softening point No Data Available Molecular weight No Data Available

VOC Content (%)

VOC Content (%) 99

0.91 g/cc Density

Bulk density No Data Available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity Stable under normal conditions.

Chemical stability

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions May react with oxidizing agents. May form explosive peroxides.

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Do not expose to temperatures above 50 °C. Do not distill to dryness

Incompatible materials

<u>Materials to avoid:</u> Oxidizing agents, Chlorine, Strong acids, Alkalis, Strong bases. <u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u>

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u> Aldehydes, Ketones, Organic acids, Hydrocarbons, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information Harmful if swallowed Harmful in contact with skin Toxic if inhaled Causes skin irritation

Causes severe eye irritation. May cause genetic defects Suspected of causing cancer May damage fertility or the unborn child May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause

central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, vomiting, and

incoordination.

Eye contact Causes severe eye irritation: redness, stinging and tearing. Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin Contact Harmful in contact with skin. May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. Repeated exposure may

cause skin dryness or cracking.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and

pneumonitis.

| Chemical Name | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Xylene | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 | > 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2000 | |
| 1330-20-7 | mg/kg (Rat) | mg/kg (Rabbit) | 5.04 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | = 3914 mg/kg (Rat) | = 8 g/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.1 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| 872-50-4 | | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | = 470 mg/kg (Rat) | = 435 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h = 486 |
| 111-76-2 | | | ppm (Rat)4 h |
| Ethylbenzene | = 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 | = 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit) > | = 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h > 5.04 |
| 100-41-4 | mg/kg (Rat) | 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | mg/L (Rat)4 h |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light | > 5000 mg/kg (Rat) | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h |
| 64742-47-8 | | | |
| Monoalkylaryl alkoxylate aminated | 2100 mg/kg (Rat) | >3000 mg/kg (Rat) | = |
| PROPRIETARY | | | |
| Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha | - | > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) | > 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h, = |
| 64742-95-6 | | | 3400 ppm (Rat) 4 h |
| Propoxylated alcohol | - | - | - |
| TRADE SECRET | | | |
| 1-Propene,2-methyl-, homopolymer, | - | - | - |
| hydroformylation products, reaction products with | | | |
| ammonia | | | |
| 337367-30-3 | | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | = 3280 mg/kg (Rat) = 8970 | > 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit) | = 18 g/m³ (Rat) 4 h |
| 95-63-6 | mg/kg (Rat) | | |
| N-Propylbenzene | - | - | = 65000 ppm (Rat) 2 h |
| 103-65-1 | | | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | - | - | = 24 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h |
| 108-67-8 | | | |
| Cumene | = 1400 mg/kg (Rat) | = 12300 μL/kg (Rabbit) | > 3577 ppm (Rat) 6 h |
| 98-82-8 | | | |
| 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | - | - | - |
| 526-73-8 | | | |

Information on toxicological effects

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization Skin Sensitization: Not expected. Respiratory Sensitization: Not classified.

Mutagenic effects: Is classified by the European Union as a mutagen of category 1B. Substances which should

be regarded as being mutagenic to man.

Carcinogenicity Category 2: Substances that cause cancer in animals, and are considered to cause cancer

in man. Category 3: Not classifiable as carcinogenic. The table below indicates whether

each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

Chemical Name ACGIH IARC NTP OSHA

| Xylene 1330-20-7 | Group 3 | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|------------------------|--|
| 2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 | Group 3 | | |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | Group 2B | | |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | Group 2B | Reasonably Anticipated | |

Reproductive toxicity

May cause harm to the unborn child. Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals: N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS#872-50-4). Causes fetotoxicity in animals

at doses which are maternally toxic: 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS#111-76-2).

Teratogenicity

In the presence of slight maternal toxicity, fetotoxic effects have been observed in the offspring of rats exposed by inhalation. Solvent Naphtha, light aromatic (CAS#64742-95-6).

May cause harm to the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified.

STOT - repeated exposure

Category 2, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: Eyes,

Skin, Central nervous system, Respiratory system.

Chronic toxicity

Xylene contains ethylbenzene. Ethylbenzene has been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Prolonged or repeated overexposure to ethylbenzene may result in adverse effects to the kidneys, liver, respiratory system, thyroid, testicles, and pituitary glands. Prolonged skin

contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis.

Subchronic toxicity Target Organ Effects No information available.

Kidney, Liver, Spleen, Adrenal gland, Thymus, Central nervous system, Testes,

Reproductive System, Blood, Bone marrow, Ears.

Neurological effects

Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Other adverse effects

N-Methylpyrrolidone (CAS#872-50-4): May cause adverse effects on the bone marrow and blood-forming system. This product contains trimethylbenzene. Literature data indicate that long-term inhalation exposure causes blood effects in laboratory animals. Xylene, Auditory system: prolonged and repeated exposure to high concentrations have resulted in hearing losses in rats. Solvent abuse and noise interaction in the work environment may cause

hearing loss.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

Unknown Acute Toxicity 2.8 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document.

ATEmix (oral) 1553 mg/kg **ATEmix (dermal)** 1502 mg/kg ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 2.2 mg/l ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 6 mg/l

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Very toxic to aquatic life.

| Chemical Name | Algae/aquatic plants | Fish | Toxicity to microorganisms | Crustacea |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 11: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella | 13.4: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 | o. oo. gamoma | 0.6: 48 h Gammarus lacustris mg/L LC50 3.82: |
| 1330-20-7 | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | flow-through 2.661 - 4.093: | | 48 h water flea mg/L EC50 |
| | Subcapitata Hig/L LC50 | 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss | | 46 II water flea flig/L LCSt |
| | | mg/L LC50 static 780: 96 h | | |
| | | Cyprinus carpio mg/L | | |
| | | LC50 semi-static 780: 96 h | | |
| | | Cyprinus carpio mg/L | | |
| | | LC50 13.1 - 16.5: 96 h | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Lepomis macrochirus mg/L | | |
| | | LC50 flow-through 23.53 - | | |
| | | 29.97: 96 h Pimephales | | |
| | | promelas mg/L LC50 static | | |
| | | 30.26 - 40.75: 96 h | | |
| | | Poecilia reticulata mg/L | | |
| | | LC50 static 7.711 - 9.591: | | |
| | | 96 h Lepomis macrochirus | | |
| | | mg/L LC50 static 13.5 - | | |
| | | 17.3: 96 h Oncorhynchus | | |
| | | mykiss mg/L LC50 19: 96 | | |
| | | h Lepomis macrochirus | | |
| | | mg/L LC50 | | |
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | 500: 72 h Desmodesmus | 832: 96 h Lepomis | | 4897: 48 h Daphnia magna |
| 872-50-4 | subspicatus mg/L EC50 | macrochirus mg/L LC50 | | mg/L EC50 |
| | - | static 1400: 96 h Poecilia | | |
| | | reticulata mg/L LC50 static | | |
| | | 1072: 96 h Pimephales | | |
| | | promelas mg/L LC50 static | | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | | 1490: 96 h Lepomis | | 1000: 48 h Daphnia magna |
| 111-76-2 | | macrochirus mg/L LC50 | | mg/L EC50 |
| | | static 2950: 96 h Lepomis | | g. = = = = = |
| | | macrochirus mg/L LC50 | | |
| Ethylbenzene | 4.6: 72 h | 11.0 - 18.0: 96 h | | 1.8 - 2.4: 48 h Daphnia |
| 100-41-4 | Pseudokirchneriella | Oncorhynchus mykiss | | magna mg/L EC50 |
| 100 41 4 | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | mg/L LC50 static 4.2: 96 h | | magna mg/L L000 |
| | 438: 96 h | Oncorhynchus mykiss | | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | mg/L LC50 semi-static | | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | 7.55 - 11: 96 h Pimephales | | |
| | 2.6 - 11.3: 72 h | promelas mg/L LC50 | | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | flow-through 32: 96 h | | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | Lepomis macrochirus mg/L | | |
| | static 1.7 - 7.6: 96 h | LC50 static 9.1 - 15.6: 96 h | | |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | | | |
| | | Pimephales promelas | | |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h | | 1 |
| | static 11: 72 h | Poecilia reticulata mg/L | | 1 |
| | Pseudokirchneriella | LC50 static | | 1 |
| Detucione distillator boolester t | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | 45. 00 h Di | | + |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated | | 45: 96 h Pimephales | | 1 |
| light | | promelas mg/L LC50 | | |
| 64742-47-8 | | flow-through 2.2: 96 h | | |
| | | Lepomis macrochirus mg/L | | 1 |
| | | LC50 static 2.4: 96 h | | 1 |
| | | Oncorhynchus mykiss | | |
| | | mg/L LC50 static | | 1 |
| Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha | | 9.22: 96 h Oncorhynchus | | 6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna |
| 64742-95-6 | | mykiss mg/L LC50 | | mg/L EC50 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | | 7.19 - 8.28: 96 h | | 6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna |
| 95-63-6 | | Pimephales promelas | | mg/L EC50 |
| | | mg/L LC50 flow-through | | |

| | | 7.72: 96 h Pimephales | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | promelas mg/L LC50 | |
| | | flow-through | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | | 3.48: 96 h Pimephales | |
| 108-67-8 | | promelas mg/L LC50 7.72: | |
| | | 96 h Pimephales promelas | |
| | | mg/L LC50 flow-through | |
| Cumene | 2.6: 72 h | 6.04 - 6.61: 96 h | 7.9 - 14.1: 48 h Daphnia |
| 98-82-8 | Pseudokirchneriella | Pimephales promelas | magna mg/L EC50 Static |
| | subcapitata mg/L EC50 | mg/L LC50 flow-through | 0.6: 48 h Daphnia magna |
| | | 4.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus | mg/L EC50 |
| | | mykiss mg/L LC50 | _ |
| | | flow-through 2.7: 96 h | |
| | | Oncorhynchus mykiss | |
| | | mg/L LC50 semi-static 5.1: | |
| | | 96 h Poecilia reticulata | |
| | | mg/L LC50 semi-static | |
| 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene | | 7.72: 96 h Pimephales | |
| 526-73-8 | | promelas mg/L LC50 | |
| | | flow-through | |

Persistence and degradability

This product contains components which may be persistent in the environment.

Bioaccumulation

Bioaccumulative potential.

Mobility

No information available.

| Chemical Name | Partition coefficient |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 3.12-3.2 |
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone 872-50-4 | -0.46 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 | 0.83 |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 2.92 |
| N-Propylbenzene 103-65-1 | -0.49 |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | 3.55 |

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastesDispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Limited quantity (LQ) <5 Liters

DOT

UN/ID No UN1993

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Xylene, Petroleum Distillates)

Hazard Class

Packing Group: III Emergency Response Guide 128

Number

IATA

UN/ID No UN1993

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Xylene, Petroleum Distillates)

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group: III

IMDG

UN1993

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Xylene, Petroleum Distillates)

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group: III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

| Chemical Name | CAS Number | Weight % | SARA 313 - Threshold Values % |
|------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------------------------------|
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 1330-20-7 | 35-50 | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone 872-50-4 | 872-50-4 | 15-25 | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| 2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 | 111-76-2 | 15-25 | 1.0 % de minimis concentration |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 100-41-4 | 5-15 | 0.1 % de minimis concentration |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 | 95-63-6 | 1-3 | 1.0% de minimus concentration |
| Cumene 98-82-8 | 98-82-8 | 0.5-1.0 | 1.0% de minimus concentration |

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire hazard Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard No
Reactive Hazard No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

| Chemical Name | CWA - Reportable Quantities | CWA - Toxic Pollutants | CWA - Priority Pollutants | CWA - Hazardous Substances |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Xylene 1330-20-7 | 100 lb | | | Х |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 1000 lb | Х | Х | Х |

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

| Chemical Name | Hazardous Substances RQs | CERCLA/SARA RQ | Reportable Quantity (RQ) |
|---------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Xylene | 100 lb | | RQ 100 lb final RQ |
| 1330-20-7 | | | RQ 45.4 kg final RQ |
| Ethylbenzene | 1000 lb | | RQ 1000 lb final RQ |
| 100-41-4 | | | RQ 454 kg final RQ |
| Cumene | 5000 lb | | RQ 5000 lb final RQ |
| 98-82-8 | | | RQ 2270 kg final RQ |

State Regulations (RTK)

California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

| Chemical Name | CAS Number | California Proposition 65 |
|------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | Developmental |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | Carcinogen |
| Cumene | 98-82-8 | Carcinogen |
| Ethylene glycol | 107-21-1 | Developmental |
| Toluene | 108-88-3 | Developmental |
| Benzene | 71-43-2 | Carcinogen |
| | | Developmental |
| | | Male Reproductive |
| Propylene oxide | 75-56-9 | Carcinogen |
| Acetaldehyde | 75-07-0 | Carcinogen |
| Furan | 110-00-9 | Carcinogen |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | Carcinogen |

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating

Health hazards 2

Flammability 3

Instability 0

Physical and Chemical Properties -

HMIS Rating

Health hazards 2*

Flammability 3

Physical hazards 0

Personal protection C

Chronic Hazard Star Legend *= Chronic Health Hazard

Prepared by Environmental Health and Safety Department

 Issue Date
 09-24-2019

 Revision Date
 09-24-2019

Revision Note

Formula. The Emergency Overview has changed. SEE SECTION 2.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet