

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue Date 01-31-2018 Revision Date 01-31-2018 Version 3

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product Name: ADVANCED DIESEL TREATMENT (A.D.T.)

Other means of identification

Common Name: 0145

UN/ID No NA1993 (Domestic)

Synonyms None

Product Categories Fuel additive

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Sale and Use Restrictions Not applicable

Restricted to professional users. **Recommended Use**

Consumer use Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. 12306 Montague Street Pacoima, CA 91331

Emergency telephone number

Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone MOC PRODUCTS CO., INC. (818) 794-3500

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 3
Germ cell mutagenicity	Sub-category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable liquids	Category 4

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

Toxic if inhaled

May cause genetic defects

Suspected of causing cancer

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Combustible liquid



Appearance Mobile Physical state Liquid Odor Petroleum

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Specific treatment (see response statements below and Section 4 of the Safety Data Sheet)

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CONTROL CENTER or doctor/physician

Do not induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store in a dry place

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Other information

- May be harmful if swallowed
- · May be harmful in contact with skin
- · Causes mild skin irritation
- Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effectsHarmful to aquatic life

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %	Trade Secret
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates	64742-47-8	60-70	*
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate	27247-96-7	25-35	*
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-95-6	1-10	*
Heavy Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-94-5	1-5	*
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	1-5	*
N-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	0-1	*
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	0-1	*
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0-1	*
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0-1	*
Cumene	98-82-8	0-1	*
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	0-0.3	*

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

General advice If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. If a person feels unwell or symptoms of skin

irritation appear, consult a physician.

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least ten minutes. Seek

immediate medical attention/advice.

Ingestion Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water

(only if the person is conscious). Do not induce vomiting. If affected person is fully conscious, give one glass of water to drink. Risk of product entering the lungs on vomiting after ingestion. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so vomit does not enter lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in

recovery position and seek medical attention immediately.

Notes to Physician Symptoms of poisoning may not appear for several hours. Keep under medical supervision

for at least 48 hours. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Lowered blood pressure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Self-protection of the first aiderNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that vapors are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it and wear gloves.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or alcohol resistant foam.

Small Fire Dry chemical or CO2.

Large Fire Water spray or fog; Alcohol resistant foam.

Explosive properties: When heated above 100°C (212°F) may undergo a self accelerating, exothermic reaction

which causes a rapid rise in temperature and pressure. Rupture of storage vessels and fire

should be anticipated in case of such temperature.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Flash back possible over considerable distance. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Runoff may pollute waterways.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrocarbons, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

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Specific methods:

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

Special firefighting procedures:

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Dike to collect large liquid spills. As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Do not use water jet. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Water may cause frothing of heated materials. Spray storage vessels with water to maintain temperatures below 100°C (212°F).

 Component
 ACGIH - test

 Naphthalene
 2.5

 91-20-3 (0-1)
 Ethylbenzene

 100-41-4 (0-1)
 0.15

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment. See

Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Avoid subsoil penetration. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Water

runoff can cause environmental damage.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Dike far ahead of spill; use dry sand to contain the flow of material. Absorb spill with inert

material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container.

Methods for clean-up: Clean-up methods - small spillage: Use only non-sparking tools. Contain and collect

spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to state, local, federal regulations. Clean-up methods - large spillage: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway. Place spilled material in an appropriate container for disposal. Avoid contact of spilled material with soil

and prevent runoff entering surface waterways.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Handling: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Protect from

physical damage. Do not heat product. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F (50°C). Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse empty containers. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose these containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They

may explode and cause injury or death.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Technical measures/precautions: Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Eye wash and safety shower

should be easily accessible.

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA Exposure Limits:	NIOSH IDLH
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates 64742-47-8	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm	-
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate 27247-96-7	-	Not established	-
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha 64742-95-6	-	TWA: 100 ppm	-
Heavy Aromatic Solvent Naphtha 64742-94-5	-	TWA: 500 ppm	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	TWA: 25 ppm	Not established	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m³
N-Propylbenzene 103-65-1	-	Not established	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³
Naphthalene 91-20-3	S* TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 50 mg/m³	IDLH: 250 ppm TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 50 mg/m³ STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 75 mg/m³
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³	IDLH: 800 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 545 mg/m³
Cumene 98-82-8	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 245 mg/m³	IDLH: 900 ppm TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 245 mg/m³
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene 526-73-8	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit values. Eye wash and safety shower should be easily accessible.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection Wear normal work clothing, Chemical resistant gloves. Additional body garments should be

used based on task being performed: Chemical resistant suit, and boots; Face-shield. Chemical resistant apron. (consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm performance).

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not

eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

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No information available

Petroleum

2- Ethyl Hexyl Nitrate decomposes on heating

Odor

Odor threshold

Remarks • Method
Not applicable

(based on components)

Slower than ether

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid Appearance Mobile

Color Hazy Light yellow

 Property
 Values

 pH
 N/A

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point / boiling range
Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available

>= 100 °C / 212 °F

>= 65 °C / >= 149 °F

Slower than ether

No information available

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper flammability limit
Lower flammability limit
Vapor pressure
Vapor density

No Data Available
No Data Available
Heavier than air

Specific Gravity 0.84

Water solubility Insoluble in water Solubility in other solvents No Data Available Partition coefficient No Data Available **Autoignition temperature** No Data Available **Decomposition temperature** No Data Available Kinematic viscosity No information available **Dynamic viscosity** No Data Available No Data Available **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** No Data Available

Other information

Softening point No Data Available Molecular weight No Data Available

VOC Content (%)

VOC Content (%) 24%

CAS# 64742-47-8 is a VOC Exempt solvent

Density 0.84 g/cc

Bulk density No Data Available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reactivity Unstable at temperatures >100° C (212° F).

Chemical stability

Stability Decomposition starting from 100 °C.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing

Hazardous polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Do not expose to temperatures above 100 °C.

Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, Strong reducing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u> Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information Toxic if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled.

Eye contact Contact with eyes may cause irritation: redness, stinging and tearing.

Skin Contact May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause irritation. Overexposure to organic nitrates

by inhalation of vapor or skin contact may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, and

decreased blood pressure.

Ingestion May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and

pneumonitis. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum Distillates 64742-47-8	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h
2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate 27247-96-7	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4820 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 14 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha 64742-95-6	-	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h, = 3400 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Heavy Aromatic Solvent Naphtha 64742-94-5	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 mL/kg(Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	= 3280 mg/kg (Rat) = 8970 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 18 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
N-Propylbenzene 103-65-1	-	-	= 65000 ppm (Rat) 2 h
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8	-	-	= 24 g/m ³ (Rat) 4 h
Naphthalene 91-20-3	= 1110 mg/kg (Rat) = 490 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1120 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 20 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 340 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat) = 4820 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.2 mg/L (Rat)4 h > 5.04 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Cumene 98-82-8	= 1400 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12300 μL/kg (Rabbit)	> 3577 ppm (Rat) 6 h
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene 526-73-8	-	-	-

Information on toxicological effects

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization No information available.

Mutagenic effects: Is classified by the European Union as a mutagen of category 1B. Substances which should

be regarded as being mutagenic to man.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen:

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Naphthalene	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	
91-20-3		Group 2B		
Ethylbenzene		Group 2B		
100-41-4		i i		
Cumene		Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	
98-82-8		· '	'	

Reproductive toxicity Product contains a chemical or chemicals which are known or suspected reproductive

hazards: Solvent Naphtha, light aromatic (CAS#64742-95-6). In the presence of slight maternal toxicity, fetotoxic effects have been observed in the offspring of rats exposed by

inhalation.

STOT - single exposure Not classified. STOT - repeated exposure Not classified.

Chronic toxicity Acute or chronic exposure to this material (or its components) may cause systemic toxicity,

including adverse effects to the following: kidney, liver, spleen, adrenals, thymus, and

central nervous system.

Target Organ Effects Lungs, Skin, Eyes, Kidney, Liver, Spleen, Gastrointestinal tract (GI), Cardiovascular

system, Upper respiratory tract, Central nervous system.

Neurological effects Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Other adverse effects

This product contains trimethylbenzene. Literature data indicate that long-term inhalation

exposure causes blood effects in laboratory animals.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document .

ATEmix (oral) 3399 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal) 2321 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 56.4 mg/l
ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 7 mg/l

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product contains a chemical/chemicals which is/are listed as a marine pollutant(s) according to DOT.

Ecotoxicity

Chronic Aquatic Toxicity: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Acute Aquatic Toxicity: Harmful to aquatic life.

29 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aguatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
Onemical Name	Aigac/aquatic plants	11311	microorganisms	Orustacea
Hydrotreated Light Petroleum		45: 96 h Pimephales		
Distillates		promelas mg/L LC50		
64742-47-8		flow-through 2.2: 96 h		
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
		LC50 static 2.4: 96 h		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss		
Links Annualis Calvers Nambula		mg/L LC50 static		0.44.40 h Danha'a asaasa
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha		9.22: 96 h Oncorhynchus		6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna
64742-95-6		mykiss mg/L LC50		mg/L EC50
Heavy Aromatic Solvent Naphtha 64742-94-5		19: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static		0.95: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
04742-94-5		2.34: 96 h Oncorhynchus		IIIg/L EC30
		mykiss mg/L LC50 1740:		
		96 h Lepomis macrochirus		
		mg/L LC50 static 45: 96 h		
		Pimephales promelas		
		mg/L LC50 flow-through		
		41: 96 h Pimephales		
		promelas mg/L LC50		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		7.19 - 8.28: 96 h		6.14: 48 h Daphnia magna
95-63-6		Pimephales promelas		mg/L EC50
		mg/L LC50 flow-through		
		7.72: 96 h Pimephales		
		promelas mg/L LC50		
		flow-through		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		3.48: 96 h Pimephales		
108-67-8		promelas mg/L LC50 7.72:		
		96 h Pimephales promelas		
Nanhthalana	0.4: 72 h Skeletonema	mg/L LC50 flow-through 5.74 - 6.44: 96 h		2.46: 40 h Donhaid magan
Naphthalene 91-20-3	costatum mg/L EC50	Pimephales promelas		2.16: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L LC50 1.96: 48 h
91-20-3	Costatum mg/L LC30	mg/L LC50 flow-through		Daphnia magna mg/L
		1.6: 96 h Oncorhynchus		EC50 Flow through 1.09 -
		mykiss mg/L LC50		3.4: 48 h Daphnia magna
		flow-through 0.91 - 2.82:		mg/L EC50 Static
		96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss		
		mg/L LC50 static 1.99: 96		
		h Pimephales promelas		
		mg/L LC50 static 31.0265:		
		96 h Lepomis macrochirus		
		mg/L LC50 static		
Ethylbenzene	4.6: 72 h	11.0 - 18.0: 96 h		1.8 - 2.4: 48 h Daphnia
100-41-4	Pseudokirchneriella	Oncorhynchus mykiss		magna mg/L EC50
	subcapitata mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 static 4.2: 96 h		
	438: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella	Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static		
		7.55 - 11: 96 h Pimephales		
	2.6 - 11.3: 72 h	promelas mg/L LC50		
	Pseudokirchneriella	flow-through 32: 96 h		
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
		LC50 static 9.1 - 15.6: 96 h		
	Pseudokirchneriella	Pimephales promelas		
	subcapitata mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 static 9.6: 96 h		
	static 11: 72 h	Poecilia reticulata mg/L		
	Pseudokirchneriella	LC50 static		
	subcapitata mg/L EC50			

Cumene	2.6: 72 h	6.04 - 6.61: 96 h	0.6: 48 h Daphnia magna
98-82-8	Pseudokirchneriella	Pimephales promelas	mg/L EC50 7.9 - 14.1: 48 h
	subcapitata mg/L EC50	mg/L LC50 flow-through	Daphnia magna mg/L
		4.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus	EC50 Static
		mykiss mg/L LC50	
		flow-through 2.7: 96 h	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss	
		mg/L LC50 semi-static 5.1:	
		96 h Poecilia reticulata	
		mg/L LC50 semi-static	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene		7.72: 96 h Pimephales	
526-73-8		promelas mg/L LC50	
		flow-through	

Persistence and degradability

This product contains components which may be persistent in the environment.

Bioaccumulation

Bioaccumulative potential.

Mobility

The product is insoluble and floats on water.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
N-Propylbenzene	-0.49
103-65-1	
Naphthalene	3.40
91-20-3	
Cumene	3.55
98-82-8	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastesDispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Limited quantity (LQ) < 5 Liters

DOT

UN/ID No NA1993

Proper Shipping Name: Combustible liquids, n.o.s. (2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate, Solvent Naphtha), Marine Pollutant

Hazard Class COMB. LIQ.

Packing Group:

Marine pollutant This product contains a chemical/chemicals which is/are listed as a marine pollutant(s)

according to DOT.

Emergency Response Guide

Number

128

IATA

UN/ID No UN3082

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate), Marine Pollutant

Hazard Class 9
Packing Group: |||

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IMDG

UN/ID No UN3082

Proper Shipping Name: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate), Marine Pollutant

Proper Shipping Name: Er Hazard Class 9 Packing Group: III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6	95-63-6	1-5	1.0% de minimus concentration
Naphthalene 91-20-3	91-20-3	0-1	0.1 % de minimis concentration 0.1 % Supplier notification limit
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	100-41-4	0-1	0.1 % de minimis concentration
Cumene 98-82-8	98-82-8	0-1	1.0% de minimus concentration

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard
Chronic Health Hazard
Fire hazard
Sudden release of pressure hazard
Reactive Hazard
Yes
No
Reactive Hazard
Yes

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Naphthalene 91-20-3	100 lb	Х	X	X
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	1000 lb	X	Х	X

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Naphthalene	100 lb 1 lb		RQ 100 lb final RQ
91-20-3			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb
			final RQ
			RQ 0.454 kg final RQ
Ethylbenzene	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ
100-41-4			RQ 454 kg final RQ
Cumene	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
98-82-8			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

State Regulations (RTK)

California Proposition 65

This product contains chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	California Proposition 65
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Carcinogen
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen
Cumene	98-82-8	Carcinogen
Benzene	71-43-2	Carcinogen
		Developmental
		Male Reproductive
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Benzo[a]pyrene	50-32-8	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating

Health hazards 2

Flammability 2

Instability 1

Physical and Chemical Properties -

HMIS Rating

Health hazards 2*

Flammability 2

Physical hazards 1

Personal protection B

Chronic Hazard Star Legend *= Chronic Health Hazard

Prepared by Environmental Health and Safety Department

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Revision Note

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 3, 15.

<u>Disclaimer</u>

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End of Safety Data Sheet